ATENT COOPERATION TR TY

	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU
PCT	То:
NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION (PCT Rule 61.2)	United States Patent and Trademark Office (Box PCT) Crystal Plaza 2 Washington, DC 20231 ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE
Date of mailing (day/month/year) 24 March 1999 (24.03.99)	in its capacity as elected Office
International application No. PCT/SE98/01309	Applicant's or agent's file reference Case 581 PCT
International filing date (day/month/year) 03 July 1998 (03.07.98)	Priority date (day/month/year) 31 July 1997 (31.07.97)
Applicant	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
LAMBERT, Nigel et al	
in a notice effecting later election filed with the Interest of the Interest o	nary Examining Authority on: 1999 (16.02.99)
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes	Authorized officer
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland csimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	A. Karkachi
	Telephone No.: (41-22) 338 83 38

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY To: NOTIFICATION OF RECEIPT Perstorp AB OF DEMAND BY COMPETENT INTERNATIONAL Patent Department PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY 284 80 PERSTORP (PCT Rules 59.3(e) and 61.1(b), first sentence and Administrative Instructions, Section 601(a)) Date of mailing 11 7 -02- 1999 (day/month/year) Applicant's or agent's file reference IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION Case 581 PCT Priority date (day/month/year) International filing date (day/month/year) International application No. 31-07-1997 03-07-1998 PCT/SE98/01309 Applicant Perstorp AB et al The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority considers the following date as the date of receipt of the demand for international preliminary examination of the international application: 16-02-1999 This date of receipt is: the actual date of receipt of the demand by this Authority (Rule 61.1(b)). the actual date of receipt of the demand on behalf of this Authority (Rule 59.3(e)). the date on which this Authority has, in response to the invitation to correct defects in the demand (Form PCT/IPEA/404), received the required corrections. ATTENTION: That date of receipt is AFTER the expiration of 19 months from the priority date. 3. Consequently, the election(s) made in the demand does (do) not have the effect of postponing the entry into the national phase until 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)). Therefore, the acts for entry into the national phase must be performed within 20 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 22). For details, see the PCT Applicant's Guide, Volume II. (If applicable) This notification confirms the information given by telephone, facsimile transmission or in person on: Only where paragraph 3 applies, a copy of this notification has been sent to the International Bureau. Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the IPEA/ Telex Patent- och registreringsverket 17978 Box 5055 PATOREG-S S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Inger Willén Telephone No. 08-782 25 00 Facsimile No. 08-667 72 88

PCT

NOTICE INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE COMMUNICATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION TO THE DESIGNATED OFFICES

(PCT Rule 47.1(c), first sentence)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To: STE

STENBERG, Yngve Perstorp AB S-284 80 Perstorp SUÈDE

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 11 February 1999 (11.02.99)			
Applicant's or agent's file reference Case 581 PCT		!!	MPORTANT NOTICE
International application No. PCT/SE98/01309	International filing date (day/month/year) 03 July 1998 (03.07.98)		Priority date (day/month/year) 31 July 1997 (31.07.97)
Applicant PERSTORP AB et al			<u> </u>

 Notice is hereby given that the International Bureau has communicated, as provided in Article 20, the international application to the following designated Offices on the date indicated above as the date of mailing of this Notice: AU,BR,CN,EP,IL,JP,KP,KR,US

In accordance with Rule 47.1(c), third sentence, those Offices will accept the present Notice as conclusive evidence that the communication of the international application has duly taken place on the date of mailing indicated above and no copy of the international application is required to be furnished by the applicant to the designated Office(s).

2. The following designated Offices have waived the requirement for such a communication at this time:

AL,AM,AP,AT,AZ,BA,BB,BG,BY,CA,CH,CU,CZ,DE,DK,EA,EE,ES,FI,GB,GE,GH,GM,GW,HU,ID,IS,— KE,KG,KZ,LC,LK,LR,LS,LT,LU,LV,MD,MG,MK,MN,MW,MX,NO,NZ,OA,PL,PT,RO,RU,SD,SE,SG,SI, SK.SL.T.J.TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN VLI ZW

SK,SL,TJ,TM,TR,TT,UA,UG,UZ,VN,YU,ZW
The communication will be made to those Offices only upon their request. Furthermore, those Offices do not require the applicant to furnish a copy of the international application (Rule 49.1(a-bis)).

 Enclosed with this Notice is a copy of the international application as published by the International Bureau on 11 February 1999 (11.02.99) under No. WO 99/06489

REMINDER REGARDING CHAPTER II (Article 31(2)(a) and Rule 54.2)

If the applicant wishes to postpone entry into the national phase until 30 months (or later in some Offices) from the priority date, a demand for international preliminary examination must be filed with the competent International Preliminary Examining Authority before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date.

It is the applicant's sole responsibility to monitor the 19-month time limit.

Note that only an applicant who is a national or resident of a PCT Contracting State which is bound by Chapter II has the right to file a demand for international preliminary examination.

REMINDER REGARDING ENTRY INTO THE NATIONAL PHASE (Article 22 or 39(1))

If the applicant wishes to proceed with the international application in the national phase, he must, within 20 months or 30 months, or later in some Offices, perform the acts referred to therein before each designated or elected Office.

For further important information on the time limits and acts to be performed for entering the national phase, see the Annex to Form PCT/IB/301 (Notification of Receipt of Record Copy) and Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

J. Zahra

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Form PCT/IB/308 (July 1996)

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

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From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

STENBERG, Yngve Perstorp AB S-284 80 Perstorp

SUEDE

NOTIFICATION CONCERNING SUBMISSION OR TRANSMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

(PCT Administrative Instructions, Section 411)

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 19 August 1998 (19.08.98)

Applicant's or agent's file reference
Case 581 PCT

International application No.

PCT/SE98/01309

International publication date (day/month/year)

Not yet published

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

International filing date (day/month/year)

03 July 1998 (03.07.98)

Priority date (day/month/year)

31 July 1997 (31.07.97)

PERSTORP AB et al

Applicant

- The applicant is hereby notified of the date of receipt (except where the letters "NR" appear in the right-hand column) by the International Bureau of the priority document(s) relating to the earlier application(s) indicated below. Unless otherwise indicated by an asterisk appearing next to a date of receipt, or by the letters "NR", in the right-hand column, the priority document concerned was submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b).
- 2. This updates and replaces any previously issued notification concerning submission or transmittal of priority documents.
- 3. An asterisk(*) appearing next-to a date of receipt; in the right-hand column, denotes a priority document submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau but not in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b). In such a case, the attention of the applicant is directed to Rule 17.1(c) which provides that no designated Office may disregard the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity, upon entry into the national phase, to furnish the priority document within a time limit which is reasonable under the circumstances.
- 4. The letters "NR" appearing in the right-hand column denote a priority document which was not received by the International Bureau or which the applicant did not request the receiving Office to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau, provided by Rule 17.1(a) or (b), respectively. In such a case, the attention of the applicant is directed to Rule 17.1(c) which upon entry into the national phase, to furnish the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity, circumstances.

Priority date

Priority application No.

Country or regional Office or PCT receiving Office

Date of receipt of priority document

31 July 1997 (31.07.97)

9716194.7

GB

06 Augu 1998 (06.08.98)

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

Maria Victoria CORTIELLO

Facsimile No. (41-22) 740.14.35

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

Form PCT/IB/304 (July 1998)

•	For rec	eiving Office use only			
PCT					
	International Application N	io.			
DECLIECT					
REQUEST	International Filing Date				
		·			
The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed	Name of receiving Office	and "PCT International Application"			
according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.	Applicant's or agent's file	reference			
_	(if desired) (12 characters n	Case 581 PCT			
Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION					
A method of coating a substr	ate				
Box No. II APPLICANT					
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a lego The address must include postal code and name of country. The countr Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of res	al entity, full official designation. y of the address indicated in this sidence is indicated below.)	This person is also inventor.			
Perstorp AB		Telephone No.			
S-284 80 Perstorp		+46 435 38000 Facsimile No.			
Sweden		+46 435 38100			
		Teleprinter No.			
		72000 perstp s			
State (i.e. country) of nationality:	State (i.e. country) of re	esidence:			
SE	SE SE	e United States			
This person is applicant for the purposes of: All designated states all designated the Unit of the Un		America only the Supplemental Box			
Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)					
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a leg The address must include postal code and name of country. The count Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of re	gal entity, full official designation. Try of the address indicated in this	This person is:			
Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of re	esidence is indicated below.)	applicant only			
Lambert, Nigel					
2 Collins Lane		X applicant and inventor			
Ringwood Hants BH24 1LD		inventor only (If this check-box			
England		is marked, do not fill in below.)			
Control of policelity	State (i.e. country) of	residence:			
State (i.e. country) of nationality: GB	GB				
		he United States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box			
X Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indica	ated on a continuation sheet.				
Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE					
The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to of the applicant(s) before the competent International Autho	act on behalf X	agent common representative			
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a The address must include postal code and n	legal entity, full official designation ame of country.)	Telephone No. +46 435 38310			
Stenberg, Yngve		Facsimile No.			
c/o Perstorp AB S-284 80 Perstorp		+46 435 38920			
Sweden		Teleprinter No.			
		72000 perstp s			
Mark this check-box where no agent or common repre	esentative is/has been appointe	ed and the space above is used instead to			
indicate a special address to which correspondence she	ould be sent.				

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Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANTS AND	OOR (FURTHER) INV	ENTORS
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Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal enti- The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residence	ry, full official designation.	This person is:
Strachan, Adrian 9 Allumhurst Road Westbourne Bournemouth Dorset BH4 8EL		x applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
England	State (i.e. country) of re	esidence:
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for the purposes of: States the United States	ates of America X of	e United States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box
Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal en The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residen Wallis, Roger Willow Tree Cottage Waterditch Christchurch Dorset BH23 8JX England	itity, full official designation the address indicated in this ice is indicated below.)	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
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Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residence.	entity, full official designatio of the address indicated in the dence is indicated below.)	This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)
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Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indica	ted on another continuation	See Notes to the request fo

Box No.V DESIGNATION OF STATES	Language ha marked):
Box No.V DESIGNATION OF STATES The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mail	rk the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked).
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KR Republic of Korea	Check-boxes reserved for designating States (for the purposes of
KZ Kazakhstan	Check-boxes reserved for designating States (for the PCT after a national patent) which have become party to the PCT after issuance of this sheet:
IX LC Saint Lucia	issuance of this sheet.
(X) LK Sri Lanka	
(I) LR Liberia	
LS Lesotho	to Dula 4.0(b) all designations which would be permitted
In addition to the designations made above, the applicant	also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted
under the PCT except the designation(s) of	designation which is not continued
before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to	subject to confirmation and that any designation wither some of that time obe regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time confirmation and the payment of the designation and confirmation
limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month to	me limit)
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Country (in which, or for whi application was for em (1) England tem (2) Item (3) Mark the following checapplication is the receiving Bureau a certi Box No. VII INT Choice of Internate are competent to carry Earlier search Fill out or requested and its such search or request Country (or regional country) Box No. VIII CH This internation the following nu 1. request 2. descriptio 3. claims 4. abstract 5. drawings Tot Figure No	ich, the ided) 31 July 31 - 07 k-box if the certified copy of the ing Office (a fee may be required field copy of the earlier application and search in where a search (international search in where a search (international veither by reference to the red) office): Date (ECK LIST) Teck LIST Tall application contains mover of sheets: 4 sheets 17 sheets 3 sheets	ng Date onth/year) 1997 - 1997 - 1997 d to prepare and to plication(s) identified international-report to base the international elevant application (day/month/year): This international-report application (day/month/year):	Application No. 9716194.7 9716194.7 In is to be issued by the Office which for the ransmit to the International iffied above as item(s): RITY or more International Searching Authority chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching Authority chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the Internatio	(only for regional or international application) The purposes of the present international appropriate international applications appropriate international applications appl
England tem (2) Mark the following checapplication is the receiving Bureau a certi Box No. VII INT Choice of Internatare competent to carry Earlier search Fillout or requested and the such search or request Country (or regional Power of the following nutrequest 2. descriptions 3. claims 4. abstract 5. drawings Tot Figure No	31 July 31 - 07 k-box if the certified copy of the ing Office (a fee may be required.) Office is hereby requested fied copy of the earlier applicational Searching Authority is now requested to either by reference to the real Office): Date (ECK LIST) Date (Search (international search) in where a search (international search) in which is a search (international search) in which i	he earlier application (d): In to prepare and to plication(s) identication(s) identicate the Authoritation (ISA) (If two indicate the Authoritation (day/month/year): This international-plication (day/month/year):	ransmit to the International iffied above as item(s): RITY or more International Searching Authority chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the two-letter code may be use type or other) by the International Searching ity chosen: the translation thereof) or by reference in the translation is accompanied by the translation is accompanied by the translation of attorney attornal application is accompanied by the translational application is accompanied by the translation application is accompanied by the translation application are translational application and the translation application are translational applicati	ities d): ISA L ing Authority has already been carried e results of that earlier search. Identify te to the search request: ber: y the item(s) marked below: fee calculation sheet separate indications concerning deposited microorganisms
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Case 581 PCT		Preliminary	Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No.	International filing date (da	ay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/SE98/01309	03.07.1998		31.07.1997	
International Patent Classification (IPC) o	r national classification and	IPC ₇		
C 09 D 4/00 // C 08 F	C 09 D 4/00 // C 08 F 2/48			
Applicant				
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This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have				
been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).				
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3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:				
I Basis of the report				
II Priority				
III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
IV Lack of unity of invention				
V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
VI Certain documents c	ited			
VII Certain defects in the	e international application			
VIII Certain observations	on the international applica	tion		
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE98/01309

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE98/01309

V. Resoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims Claims	1-22	YES NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims Claims	1-22	YES NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	1-22	YES NO

2. Citations and explanations

The present invention relates to a method of coating a substrate and to the said substrate.

The invention deals with the problem of curing a composition comprising multi-functional material with ultra-violet light. Normally curing is performed in the presence of a photo-initiator. However, according to this invention a composition comprising a mixture including at least a reactive part comprising between 30% and 100% multi-functional material can be cured when exposed to UV-light without the need of a photo-initiator. A substantially inert atmosphere is maintained in the curing zone when the substrate is exposed to UV-light.

The most relevant document cited in the International Search document discloses 5047261. This Report is US crosslinking in UV-light without the need of a photothough employing a monoacrylic reactive initiator, even diluent. It is further disclosed that polyfunctional acrylates enable the reactivity to be increased in comparison with the use of monofunctional acrylates, see column 2, lines 3-8. However, it is also disclosed that the use of polyfunctional acrylates results in a residual unsaturated content, which is markedly higher after radio cross-linking. This results in a less satisfactory behaviour of the coating towards light during ageing, in that it yellows rapidly with possible losses of mechanical properties, column 2, lines 10-17. Thus, the cited US patent teaches that such polyfunctional acrylates should be avoided. Moreover, the document does not mention which is anything about an inert atmosphere, according to the present invention. In the light of these facts the claimed invention can not be considered obvious to a person skilled in the art.

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE98/01309

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(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

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Therefore, the invention claimed is novel, is considered to involve an inventive step and to have industrial applicability.

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Supplemental Box) (January 1994)

CLAIMS:

- A method of coating a substrate, the method comprising the steps of applying a coating composition to at least selected areas of the substrate, exposing the coated substrate to ultra-violet light from at least one lamp having a power, output of at least 140 watts per `linear centimetre in a curing zone, to initiate curing of the coating, the coating composition comprising a mixture including at least a reactive part comprising between 30% 100% multi-functional material and being of maintaining including the step initiator-free, substantially inert atmosphere in the curing zone where the substrate is exposed to said ultra-violet light.
- 2. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the inert atmosphere is obtained by purging the said curing zone with inert gas.
- 3. A method according to Claim 2 wherein the inert gas comprises nitrogen.
- 4. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the oxygen concentration within the said curing zone is less than 1,000 parts per million.
- 5. A method according to Claim 4 wherein the oxygen concentration is less than 100 parts per million.
- 6. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the multi-functional material comprises one or more reactive diluents.
- 7. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the multi-functional material comprises one or more

materials, the or each material having a molecular weight in excess of 480.

- 8. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the multi-functional material comprises one or more materials which have three or more functional acrylate groups.
- 9. A method according to Claim 6, 7 or 8 wherein the coating material additionally contains a pre-polymer.
- 10. A method according to Claim 9 wherein the pre-polymer comprises polyester acrylate, polyurethane acrylate, epoxyacrelate, or a full acrylate material.
- 11. A method according to Claim 9 or 10 wherein the prepolymer is multi-functional.
- 12. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the coating composition comprises, in addition to the reactive part, a filler.
- 13. A method according to Claim 12 wherein the filler is clay.
- 14. A method according to Claim 12 wherein the filler is silica.
- 15. A method according to Claim 12 wherein the filler is magnetisable particles.
- 16. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the power output of the lamp is at least 180 watts/cm.

- 17. A method according to Claim 16 wherein the power output of the lamp is substantially 240 watts/cm.
- 18. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein UV light from the lamp has a substantial spectral content in the range of 200-300 nm.
- 19. A method according to Claim 18 wherein UV light from the lamp has a spectral content at peaks of approximately 370 nm, 408 nm and 438 nm.
- 20. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein two lamps are provided in the curing zone, the lamps having different spectral properties.
- 21. A method according to any one of Claims 1 to 19 wherein two lamps are provided in the curing zone, the lamps having substantially identical spectral properties.
- 22. A substrate when coated by a method according to any one of the preceding Claims.

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FIG 4

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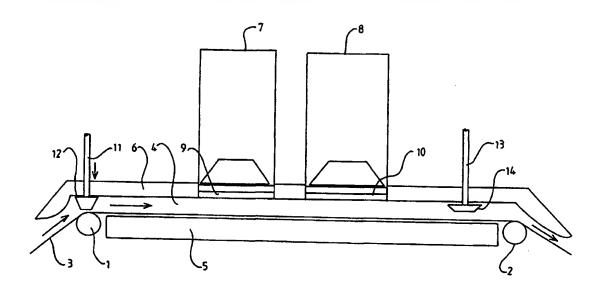
(74) Agent: STENBERG, Yngve; Perstorp AB, S-284 80 Perstorp (SE).

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(54) Title: A METHOD OF COATING A SUBSTRATE



(57) Abstract

A method of coating a substrate comprises the steps of applying a coating composition to selected areas of the substrate. The coating composition comprises a mixture including at least a reactive part. The reactive part comprises between 30 % and 100 % multi-functional material, and is photoinitiator free. The coated substrate is exposed, in a curing zone, to ultra-violet light from at least one lamp which has a power output of at least 140 wats per linear centimetre. The ultra-violet light initiates curing of the coating. A substantially inert atmosphere is maintained in the curing zone where the substrate is exposed to the ultra-violet light.

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A METHOD OF COATING A SUBSTRATE

The present invention relates to a method of coating a substrate.

It has been proposed previously to provide various coatings which can be applied to a substrate in a liquid form and which can then be cured to form a solid coating. Typically, the liquid coating incorporates unsaturated organic compounds which include C=C double bonds. These compounds present within the liquid coating are effectively polymerised during the curing process.

It has been proposed to effect the curing utilising high energy electron radiation. Typically electrons are delivered by an electron beam accelerator which normally operates at a voltage in excess of 150kVe, although alternatively a nuclear source may be utilised. The radiation breaks some of the C=C double bonds present in the unsaturated organic material, generating free radicals which initiate free radical polymerisation of the remaining material. The equipment necessary to carry out this process is costly to purchase and has to be specially shielded to avoid any leakage of gamma radiation.

There have been many proposals concerning coatings which can be cured, in response to ultra-violet light, involving free radical initiated polymerisation. Typically these coatings utilise a photo-initiator. A photo-initiator in this process is a material that absorbs light,

-2-

and generates free radicals. The free radicals initiate the polymerisation of the coating. Photo-initiators are generally expensive, and can give rise to problems. example, they can create an undesirable odour or taste (which may be relevant when the coating is going to be in with a food product) and can also cause "yellowing", which is a tendency for the cured coating to adopt a yellow colour over the course of time.

It has been proposed to provide a coating which can be cured on exposure to ultra-violet light which does not incorporate a photo-initiator. A coating of this type is disclosed in US-A-5,446,073. This Specification teaches a formulation which has a balance of "acceptor" and "donor" The process described in US-A-5,446,073 has not species. been adopted by industry, primarily because reactive materials required are not readily commercially available. Also, the curing process is relatively slow with cure times typically being measured in terms of minutes. A further disadvantage of this technique is that it requires a combination of electron donating monomers and electron accepting monomers of relatively low molecular weight, and monomers in general are regarded as being prone to shrinkage during cure and are also regarded as being toxic since they may relatively easily penetrate the skin.

It has been discovered that short wavelength light may be used to effect a cure by direct fragmentation, in a similar way to the electron beam accelerator. Thus, it has been proposed to use light from excimer lamps, which have a wavelength of 172 nm, to cure radiation curable coatings without the use of a photo-initiator. However, this technique has only been used successfully with very thin coatings, typically coatings less than 1 μ m thick. The excimer energy is not able to penetrate readily into a

coating which is of a greater thickness without excessive heat being generated. If an excimer lamp were used to irradiate a 10 μ m thick coating, it would produce a "cured skin" on the surface, but not a complete cure.

The present invention seeks to provide a UV cured coating in which the disadvantages of prior proposals are obviated or reduced.

According to one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of coating a substrate, the comprising the steps of applying composition to at least selected areas of the substrate, exposing the coated substrate to ultra-violet light from at least one lamp having a power output of at least 140 watts per linear centimetre in a curing zone, to initiate curing the coating, the coating composition comprising mixture including at least a reactive part comprising between 30% and 100% multi-functional material and being photo-initiator-free, including the step of maintaining a substantially inert atmosphere in the curing zone where the substrate is exposed to said ultra-violet light.

The preferred multi-functional materials have a functionality of at least three.

Preferably, the inert atmosphere is obtained by purging the curing zone with inert gas such as nitrogen.

Advantageously, the oxygen concentration in the curing zone is less than 1,000 ppm and preferably less than 100 ppm.

Preferably, the multi-functional material comprises one or more reactive diluents.

Conveniently, the multi-functional material comprises one or more materials, each material having a molecular weight in excess of 480.

Advantageously, the multi-functional material comprises one or more materials which have three or more functional acrylate groups.

Conveniently, the coating material contains a prepolymer, and may comprise polyester acrylate, polyurethane acrylate, epoxyacrylate or a full acrylic material.

Conveniently, the pre-polymer is multi-functional.

Advantageously, the coating composition comprises, in addition to the reactive part, a filler, and the filler may comprises—clay, silica or magnetisable particles.

Preferably, the power output of the lamp is at least 180 watts/cm and may be substantially 240 watts/cm.

Conveniently, UV light from the lamp has a substantial spectral content in the range 200-300 $\ensuremath{\text{nm}}\xspace$.

Preferably, UV light from the lamp has additional spectral content with peaks of approximately 370 nm, 408 nm and 438 nm.

Two or more lamps may be provided in the curing zone. The lamps may have different spectral properties or may have substantially identical spectral properties.

The invention relates to a substrate when coated by a

method as described above.

In order that the invention may be more readily understood, and so that further features thereof may be appreciated, the invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

FIGURE 1 is a diagrammatic view of an apparatus for use in curing a coating on a substrate;

FIGURE 2 is a graphical indication of the spectral output of a preferred UV lamp;

FIGURE 3 is a graphical representation of the spectral output of an alternative preferred UV lamp; and

FIGURE 4 shows the chemical structure of a reactant.

Referring initially to Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings, an apparatus for curing a coating applied to a substrate is illustrated.

An apparatus is illustrated which comprises a pair of rollers 1,2 adapted to guide a substrate 3, such as a sheet of aluminium foil or a sheet of paper, through the illustrated apparatus. The substrate 3 is coated, before entering the apparatus, completely or partially, with a curable composition which will be described in greater detail hereinafter. The curable composition may be applied as an un-broken coating or may be applied in the form of printing.

The rollers 1,2 guide the substrate 3 through a channel 4 defined between a cooled backing plate 5, and a

-6-

super-imposed cover 6. The cover 6 supports two lamps 7,8. The lamp 7 can be a "D" lamp, as supplied by Fusion Inc. The lamp 7 is located above a quartz window 9 that is sealed against the cover 6 so that light from the lamp 7 may shine through the quartz window 9 on to the substrate 3 as it passes through a curing zone formed by the channel 4.

The lamp 8 can be a "H" lamp as supplied by Fusion Inc. and is also associated with a quartz window 10 which is formed integrally with the cover 6 so that light from the lamp 8 can pass through the quartz window 10 into the curing zone in channel 4, and thus on to the substrate 3.

The lamps 7,8 each have a focussing reflector. The position of the lamps may be interchanged. In an alternative embodiment, only one lamp may be used, or two lamps of the same type may be used.

The lamps 7 and 8 emit UV light with wavelengths in the band 200 to 550 nm. The light is directed on to the substrate in a region in the central part of the channel 4.

The channel 4 is flushed with nitrogen in order to ensure that there is an inert atmosphere having a minimum quantity of oxygen within the channel. Thus, nitrogen is introduced through an inlet conduit 11 and passes to a dispersing nozzle 12 known as the "inlet knife" which is located on the under-side of the cover 6 above the roller 1, and which is adapted to prevent oxygen entering the channel 4. The nitrogen flows along the channel 4, past the region where the UV light is directed on to the substrate, in the same direction as the direction of movement of the substrate 3. Nitrogen may also be injected into the channel 4 via nozzles located around the periphery

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of each quartz window. At the end of the channel 4 adjacent the roller 2 nitrogen flowing through a conduit 13 is passed through a nozzle 14 on the underside of the cover into the channel 4. Thus, there is a continuous flow of nitrogen within the channel 4 such that the concentration of oxygen within the channel 4 is less than 1,000 ppm and preferably less than 100 ppm. Instead of using nitrogen, other inert gases could be used. However, nitrogen is preferred because it is the least expensive inert gas.

The lamps 7 and 8 are supplied in a modular form, each module is 25.4 mm wide and extends transversely across the direction of movement of the web 3 through the channel 4. The lamps are high intensity lamps using medium pressure mercury vapour bulbs operating at a power level in excess of 140 watts per linear centimetre, preferably in excess of 180 watts per linear centimetre, and most preferably in the region of 240 watts per linear centimetre.

The output spectrum of the "D" lamp 7 is illustrated in Figure 2. It can be observed that the spectrum has a substantial spectral content within the range of 350-450 nm, with specific peaks at 355, 370, 383 and 408 nm. There is spectral content in the region of 200-350 nm, although the spectral content in the 200-250 nm range is minimal.

The spectrum of the "H" lamp 8 is illustrated in Figure 3. It can be seen that the spectrum has substantial spectral content in the region of 200-300 nm, with the spectral content at the longer wavelengths being restricted to isolated peaks at 312 nm, 370 nm, 408 nm and 438 nm. The spectral content in the region of 200-300 nm comprises a very broad peak centred on 225 nm and spanning the area from 210-240 nm and a further relatively broad peak, which is less clearly defined, but which is substantially centred

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on 262 nm and effectively spans the range of 240-280 nm. It is believed that this very substantial spectral content at these very short wavelengths plays a significant role in creating free radicals to initiate polymerisation. The very high energy present in the well defined peaks at higher frequencies may also contribute.

The reactive part of the curable coating that is applied to the web 3 does not contain a photo-initiator, but does contain a substantial proportion (between 30% and 100% by weight) of multi-functional radiation curable elements. A multi-functional radiation curable element is a radiation curable element which comprises two or more functional groups. Functional groups are acrylate groups with C=C double bonds. If functionality is expressed as a number, the number indicates the number of C=C double bonds available to react, present in acrylate groups.

The radiation curable elements are preferably of low viscosity and can be considered to be reactive diluents, not only providing reactive capabilities, but also maintaining, in the unreacted state, the desired liquid properties of the coating material.

It is preferred that the average molecular weight of any single multi-functional radiation curable element utilised in the curable coating should be greater than 480. It has been found that relatively low molecular weight radiation curable elements may give rise to skin irritation. It is, however, believed that by utilising a molecular weight greater than 480, the risk of skin irritation arising is substantially reduced or obviated.

Typical examples of multi-functional radiation curable reactive diluents are propoxylated pentaerythritol tetra-

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acrylate or ethoxylated pentaerythritol tetra-acrylate. An alternative material comprises "OTA 480", a triacrylated low viscosity material available from UCB Chemicals of Anderlecht Str. 33, B-1620 Drogenbos, Belgium. The structure of OTA 480 is shown in Figure 4.

The curable coating may optionally comprise, in addition to the reactive part, a non-reactive part or filler that may comprise clay or silica. In some cases, where the coating is to have magnetic properties, the filler may comprise metal particles that may be magnetised.

It is believed that the very high intensity UV radiation applied by the lamps to the curable material generates sufficient free radicals to initiate the curing of the coating.

As the reaction takes place within the substantially inert atmosphere, it is thought that even though a relatively low number of radicals may be produced, because of the high functionality of the coating material, and because the radicals are not subject to oxygen quenching, the radicals that are available to initiate the reaction are sufficient to enable the reaction to proceed very rapidly. Although multi-functional materials, where functionality is greater than 3, are highly reactive, they are believed to undergo a relatively low level of conversion to form a fully cured coating, when compared to mono or di-functional materials.

It is believed that the physical properties of a coating formed solely from multi-functional reactive diluents of low viscosity, whilst sufficient for many purposes, may not be considered sufficient for use as a high performance coating. In order to produce a coating

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formulation that exhibits solvent resistance and stain resistance, it has been found appropriate to combine, with the reactive diluents, a pre-polymer which preferably contains some unsaturation. A pre-polymer is a reactive material of relatively high viscosity. A pre-polymer, when used alone, does not exhibit liquid properties that are appropriate for a coating material that could be used for example in a direct gravure coating process. Examples of suitable pre-polymers are polyester acrylates, polyurethane acrylates and epoxy acrylates. The functionality of these materials is normally 2 or 3 but can be up to 6. It is thought that the higher the functionality of the pre-polymers, the faster the curing performance of the coating.

EXAMPLE 1

A series of multi-functional materials were coated on to aluminium foil at a coat weight of approximately 10g/m.

The coated foil was passed through a curing apparatus, similar to that shown in Figure 1, but with only one lamp at a speed of 20 m/min. Initially, the lamp was an "H" lamp, and subsequently the experiment was repeated using a "D" lamp. The lamps were each operated at a power level of 240 watts/centimetre. The cured coating was subsequently tested using an acetone rub test utilising a SATRA rub tester. Such a tester provides an indication of the degree of curing. Solvent resistance is indicated as the number of double rubs effected before the coating applied to the aluminium foil is removed. The greater the number of rubs, the more solvent resistant is the coating.

-11- The results are set out in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Coating Composition	Solvent Resistanc	e - Acetone rubs
	H Bulb	D Bulb
Di and Triacrylates		
Tripropan-glycol- diacrylate (UCB)	<2	<2
1,6-hexanediol diacry- late (UCB)	25	<2
OTA 480 triacrylate (UCB)	40	<2
Tetra-acrylates		
Ebecryl 40 (UCB)	95	<2
Ethoxylated- pentaerythritol tetra-acrylate (Croda)	45	<2
Tetra-acrylate with pre-polymer		
Actilane 320 PP 50 Epoxy acrylate with 50% Propoxylated- pentaerythritol tetra-acrylate (Ackros)	150	<2

Ebecryl 40 is a tetra-functional acrylated reactive diluent available from UCB Chemicals. The ethoxylated pentaerythritol tetra-acrylate was obtained from Croda Resins Ltd. of Crabtree Manorway, South Belvedere, Kent DA17 6BA. Actilane 320 PP 50 is obtained from Ackros Chemicals, Eccles Site, Bentcliffe Way, P.O. Box 1, Eccles, Manchester M30 0BH.

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Example 1 shows that when the coating composition comprises only a di-acrylate, the solvent resistance has a very low value. When tri-acrylates or tetra-acrylates are utilised, a much greater degree of solvent resistance is achieved. When a tetra-acrylate mixed with a pre-polymer is utilised, there is substantial improvement in the performance of the cured coating. This is believed to be due to the introduction of higher molecular weight epoxy groups in the cross-linked structure of the coating.

EXAMPLE 2

A coating of HH52-0103 02 EBC foil coating material obtained from Glasurit GmbH, Postfach 6123, Muenster, Germany, was applied at a coat weight of approximately 10g/m² to an aluminium foil. This material comprises a relatively small proportion epoxy acrylate and relatively large proportion of ethoxylated pentaerythritol tetra-acrylate. The coated foil was passed at various speeds through a curing apparatus similar to that shown in Figure 1 but with only a single "H" lamp 7 operating. In an initial series of experiments, the "H" lamp was operated at a power of 240 watts per centimetre and in another series of experiments the "H" lamp operated at a power of 160 watts per centimetre. acetone rub test as described with reference to Example 1, was subsequently used to indicate the degree of curing. The results are shown in Table 2.

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TABLE 2

Speed	Solvent Resistance Acetone rubs				
	@ 240 W/cm	@ 160 W/cm			
30 M/min	100	11			
40 M/min	35	9			
50 M/min	9	1			
60 M/min	4	1			

Example 2 illustrates that the degree of curing of the coating is improved when the coating is provided with a substantial energy input in the UV spectrum. The best results are achieved with a relatively low speed of movement of the substrate through the curing apparatus and with the application of very intense high energy light. It can be seen that it is important, for a satisfactory cure to be achieved, for there to be a sufficient power input for a sufficient period of time. The degree of cure achieved does not increase linearly with lower speed of passage through the curing zone (i.e. does not increase linearly with the exposure time to intense UV light). can be seen, especially at 240 watts per centimetre, the degree of cure achieved increases very substantially, almost exponentially, with increased residence time in the curing zone.

It is believed that an even higher degree of cure can be achieved utilising two lamps within the curing zone. This is shown in Example 3 where the same coating is applied and cured using two lamps at a much higher speed.

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EXAMPLE 3

A coating of HH52-0103 02 EBC foil coating material was coated on to a printed paper (Paper 13-2606), using a gravure coating unit at a coat weight of approximately 8 g/m² and a run speed of 80 metres per minute. The coated paper was passed through a UV curing apparatus of a type illustrated in Figure 1 flushed with nitrogen gas to as to achieve a residual oxygen level within the curing region of less than 100 ppm. The curing zone was illuminated, through quartz windows, by two high intensity UV lamps, one "H" bulb and one "D" bulb utilising focus-reflectors to direct UV light on to the coating to cure it to form a dry film, the two lamps operating at a power of 240 watts per linear centimetre.

The solvent resistance was greater than 50 acetone rubs (measured as in Example 2).

To test the performance of the coated paper as a furniture surfacing material, a sample of the coated paper was laminated, using aminoplast adhesive, on to a piece of Then stain and scratch tests were carried out using the techniques described in ISO 4211. For comparison purposes, the test run was repeated, adding to the coating material the photo-initiator recommended by, and obtainable from, Glasurit GmbH, which is a methyl-phenyl-glyoxylate identified as SR07 641H. This coated paper was laminated to piece of chipboard using aminoplast a adhesive. For further comparison, a sample of commercially available furniture foil which had been lacquered using a water-based amino polyester lacquer and then thermally

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cured, was also laminated, using aminoplast adhesive, to chipboard to represent a current commercially acceptable industry performance standard.

The results are given in Table 3, where stain resistance is indicated on a 1-5 scale (5 being the best result and 1 being the worst result).

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1АБЬЕ З	ISO	4211 Stain Resistance	
Test Liquid	Thermal Cured	UV No. Photoinitiator	UV + 0.5 % SRO7-641H
	Lacquer		
Acetic Acid	3.0	 6	2.0
Acetone	3.0	−o- °	3.0
Ammonia solution	3.0	-0- K	3.0
Blackcurrant juice	3.0	.e .e	3.0
Citric acid	3.0	8	3.0
Cleansing agent	3.5		3.0
Coffee	3.0	— ഇ- ന	3.5
Disinfectant (DETTOL)	3.5	4.0	4.0
Disinfectant (SAVLON)	3.0	4 -0-	4.0
Endorsing ink	4.0	-0- K	3.0
Ethanol	3.5	– ശ സ	3.5
Ethyl/Butyl acetate	3.5	-ശ- ന	3.0
Iodine	4.0	-0- e	3.0
Milk (condensed)	3.0	–0- జ	3.0
Olive Oil	3.5	ლ	3.5
Paraffin oil BP	3.5	ზ	3.0
SBP Spirit	4.0	-0- °	3.0
Sodium carbonate	4.0	4.0	4.0
Sodium chloride	4.0	4.0	3.0
Tea	4.0	4.0	3.5
Water	3.5	3.5	3.0
TOTALS:	72.5	71.0	67.0

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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Example 3 indicates that a coating composition in accordance with the present invention, with no photoinitiator, provides a superior performance to a coating composition which does include a photo-initiator. performance achieved by the material of the present invention is very similar to the performance achieved by the industry-acceptable-standard utilised for comparison purposes. Furthermore, by utilising combination of UV lamp power, spectrum and reactive materials, the process can operate at higher speeds.

Consequently, it is believed that the present invention provides a method of producing an industry-acceptable material without the use of photo-initiators, but whilst still providing the other advantages of UV curing.

The coating techniques described above have been found to be particularly suitable for applying coatings to flexible papers or films, such as papers or films produced on high speed coating and printing machines. The coatings have been found to be especially valuable for use on surfaces that are found in the home environment. coatings may be applied to surfacing materials intended for application to furniture, walls, floors and ceilings. However, it is to be understood that the method described above may be utilised for less demanding applications, such as varnishes for books, magazines or record sleeves. The method described above may also be utilised for fabricating coated materials for use packaging where low odour coatings, or coatings which do not impart a "taste" to products, are of particular value.

CLAIMS:

- A method of coating a substrate, the method comprising the steps of applying a coating composition to at least selected areas of the substrate, exposing the coated substrate to ultra-violet light from at least one lamp having a power output of at least 140 watts per linear centimetre in a curing zone, to initiate curing of the coating, the coating composition comprising a mixture including at least a reactive part comprising between 30% multi-functional material and being including the step of maintaining initiator-free, substantially inert atmosphere in the curing zone where the substrate is exposed to said ultra-violet light.
- 2. A method according to Claim 1 wherein the inert atmosphere is obtained by purging the said curing zone with inert gas.
- 3. A method according to Claim 2 wherein the inert gas comprises nitrogen.
- 4. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the oxygen concentration within the said curing zone is less than 1,000 parts per million.
- 5. A method according to Claim 4 wherein the oxygen concentration is less than 100 parts per million.
- 6. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the multi-functional material comprises one or more reactive diluents.
- 7. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the multi-functional material comprises one or more

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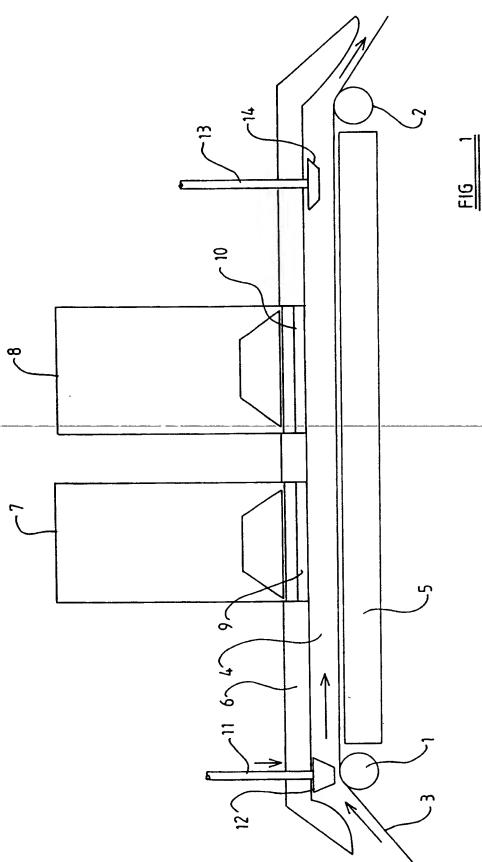
materials, the or each material having a molecular weight in excess of 480.

- 8. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the multi-functional material comprises one or more materials which have three or more functional acrylate groups.
- 9. A method according to Claim 6, 7 or 8 wherein the coating material additionally contains a pre-polymer.
- 10. A method according to Claim 9 wherein the pre-polymer comprises polyester acrylate, polyurethane acrylate, epoxyacrelate, or a full acrylate material.
- 11. A method according to Claim 9 or 10 wherein the prepolymer is multi-functional.
- 12. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the coating composition comprises, in addition to the reactive part, a filler.
- 13. A method according to Claim 12 wherein the filler is clay.
- 14. A method according to Claim 12 wherein the filler is silica.
- 15. A method according to Claim 12 wherein the filler is magnetisable particles.
- 16. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein the power output of the lamp is at least 180 watts/cm.

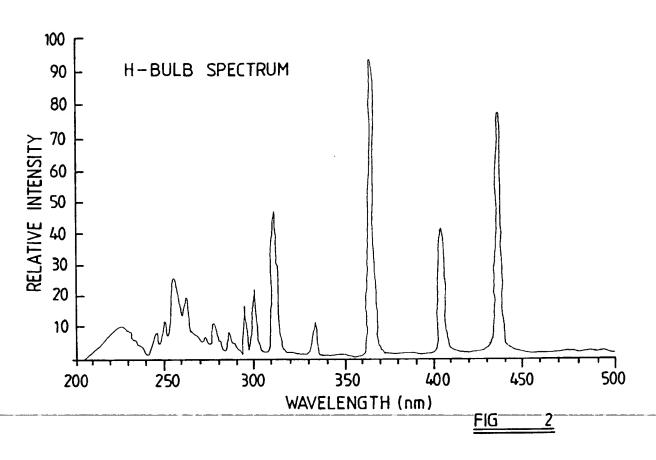
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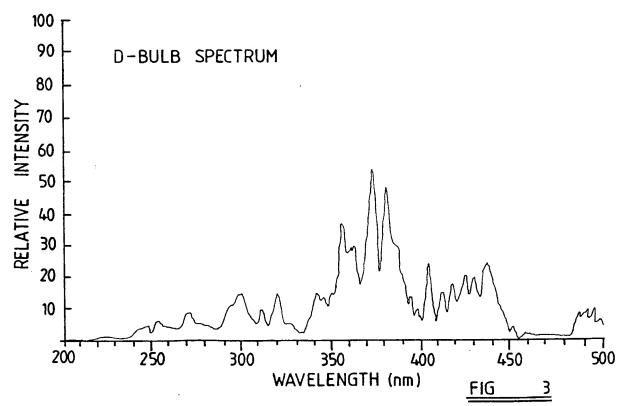
- 17. A method according to Claim 16 wherein the power output of the lamp is substantially 240 watts/cm.
- 18. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein UV light from the lamp has a substantial spectral content in the range of 200-300 nm.
- 19. A method according to Claim 18 wherein UV light from the lamp has a spectral content at peaks of approximately 370 nm, 408 nm and 438 nm.
- 20. A method according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein two lamps are provided in the curing zone, the lamps having different spectral properties.
- 21. A method according to any one of Claims 1 to 19 wherein two lamps are provided in the curing zone, the lamps having substantially identical spectral properties.
- 22. A substrate when coated by a method according to any one of the preceding Claims.
- 23. A method of coating a substrate substantially as herein described by way of example.

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3 / 3

$$CH_{2}-O \leftarrow CH_{2}-CH \rightarrow O \rightarrow CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{3} \rightarrow CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{3} \rightarrow CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2}-CH \rightarrow O \rightarrow CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2}-O \leftarrow CH_{2}-CH \rightarrow O \rightarrow CH = CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2}-O \leftarrow CH_{2}-CH \rightarrow O \rightarrow CH = CH_{2}$$

FIG 4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE 98/01309

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC6: C09D 4/00 // C08F 2/48 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC6: C08F, C09D Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPI C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. Category* US 5047261 A (KHALIL MOUSSA ET AL), 10 Sept 1991 1-23 X (10.09.91), column 2, line 3 - line 45, claims 1, US 5446073 A (SONNY JONSSON ET AL), 29 August 1995 1-23 A (29.08.95), abstract US 5188900 A (ANTHONY REVIS ET AL), 1-23 A 23 February 1993 (23.02.93), column 3, line 40 - column 4, line 9, claim 1 1-23 US 4557975 A (JAMES E. MOORE), 10 December 1985 A (10.12.85), claim 1 See patent family annex. Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority Special categories of cited documents: date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be erlier document but published on or after the international filing date considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is step when the document is taken alone cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art document published prior to the international filing date but later than "&" document member of the same patent family the priority date claimed Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 06 -11- 1998 5 November 1998 Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Authorized officer **Swedish Patent Office** Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Barbro Nilsson Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00 Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)

International application No. PCT/SE 98/01309

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category* EP 0549116 A2 (W.R. GRACE & CO.-CONN.),
 30 June 1993 (30.06.93), abstract 1-23 A

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International application No. PCT/SE 98/01309

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